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CHOICE

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Fruit and
Ornamental Trees



Shrubs, Vines and Flowering Plants
1939

RICHARD LOHRMANN

THE WEST END NURSERY

Between Fifth and Center Sts.

SAN RAFAEL — CALIFORNIA

24 YEARS AGO

Panama-Pacific International Exposition



GOLD MEDAL

Awarded for a Growing Exhibit of 36 Varieties of

DAHLIAS



1915

TWO GOLD MEDALS

THREE SILVER AND TWO BRONZE MEDALS
AWARDED FOR DAHLIAS and IRIS

CHOICE

Fruit and Ornamental Trees



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1939



RICHARD LOHRMANN

THE WEST END NURSERY

Between Fifth and Center Sts.

SAN RAFAEL — CALIFORNIA

To Correspondents



I take pleasure in presenting herewith my twenty-ninth annual catalogue and price list.

It has been my endeavor to list, as much as possible, only the very best and most satisfactory of both Fruit and Ornamental Trees and Plants. Whatever I am not able to grow on my own grounds I procure from the most reliable Nurseries. My Nursery is located between Fifth Avenue and Center Street, one block north and two blocks west from the Telephone Building, corner Fourth and H Streets, San Rafael.

I do not give lengthy descriptions of plants, as it is far more satisfactory to see the plants actually growing in the nursery. I have specimen plants of a number of varieties of trees and shrubs; therefore invite my customers and friends to visit the nursery whenever convenient.

Business hours from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m., except Sundays.

I warrant all trees and plants to be healthy, and true to label, but having no control over them after delivery, I do not GUARAN-TEE them to live and thrive, nor will I replace them, except any tree or plant should prove untrue to name; but in no case will I be liable for any sum greater than the original purchase price.

My customers are requested to notify me immediately of any error that may have occurred in filling their order, so that the same may be rectified, as I desire to give satisfaction to all who favor me with their order.

All orders delivered free in San Rafael and surrounding towns; a small charge for packing, to cover cost of material, will be made for all orders shipped by express or freight. All articles are at the risk of the purchaser, after being shipped.

Orders from unknown correspondents must be accompanied by cash or satisfactory reference. All bills payable first of the month.

STATE SALES TAX:

When ordering, please add to the amount of your order the California State Sales Tax, 3 cents for each dollar.

NOMENCLATURE

All plant names, both botanical and common, have been revised to conform with 1928 edition of "Standardized Plant Names" if listed in that book. The only exceptions are a few uncommon items and novelties which that book does not include. This standardized nomenclature should unquestionably be followed by everyone from now on.

RICHARD LOHRMANN The West End Nursery

Between Fifth Avenue and Center Street San Rafael, California Phone: S. R. 934

FRUIT TREES

The varieties listed here are the best and most satisfactory for this locality. Prices for new varieties, and larger quantities on application. The trees are 1 and 2 years old, average 4 to 6 feet in height. Trees of bearing age, 3 to 4 years old, approximately higher in prices.

Planting Season:

January to March, except Citrus trees, which should not be planted until the heavy winter rains are over, after February 15th.

PRICES:

4 to 6 foot grade, 50 cents each; \$4.50 per 10, except where noted. APPLES:

Summer: ..Gravenstein.

Fall: Jonathan, Yellow Bellflower.

Winter: Delicious, Yellow Newton Pippin, Spitzenburg, Winesap,

Crab: Siberian Red.

APRICOTS:

Blenheim, Hemskirke, Royal, Tilton.

CHERRIES: 60c each.

Black Tartarian, Bing, Royal Anne, Early Richmond, Mayduke.

NECTARINES:

Gowan, Gold Mine.

PEACHES:

Freestone: White:

Alexander, Briggs Red May, Hale's Early, Strawberry.

Freestone: Yellow:

Early Crawford, Foster, J. H. Hale, Late Crawford, Elberta,

Muir, Salway.

Clingstone: Phillips, Tuscan.

PEARS:

Summer: Bartlett, Flemish Beauty.

Fall: Beurre Clairgeau, Beaurre d'Anjou, Beurre Hardy, Doyenne de Comice, Seckel.

Winter: Winter Nelis.

PRUNES:

German, French, Hungarian.

PLUMS:

European varieties: Damson, Green Gage, Jefferson, Washing-

ton, Yellow Egg.

Jap varieties: Burbank, Wickson, Satsuma, Santa Rosa.

QUINCE:

Pineapple.

NUT TREES

ALMONDS:

Nonpareil, I. X. L.—50c each.

WALNUTS:

Franquette, Paynes Seedling—\$1.50 each.

FILBERTS:

Barcelon a—75c to \$1.25 each.

MISCELLANEOUS FRUIT

FIGS:

White Adriatic, Brown Turkey, Mission, Kadota—50c, 75c.

GUAVAS:

Strawberry, red and yellow, pot-grown—50c.

OLIVES:

Mission—50c each; Sevillano—\$1.50 each.

PERSIMMONS:

Hachiya, Fuju, very large fruit, extra fine ornamental trees \$1.25—\$1.50.

POMMEGRANATE:

Wonderful, bushy plants—75c and \$1.00 each.

CITRUS TREES

PRICES: Balled or Boxed, 4-5 ft.—\$3.00 each.

ORANGES:

Washington Navel, Valencia Late, Ruby Blood.

LEMONS:

Eureka, Villa Franca.

LIMES:

Bears Seedless—\$3.00 each.

POMELOES, or Grapefruit.

Marsh's Seedless.

TANGERINES:

Dancy—\$3.00 each.

DWARF CITRUS VARIETIES:

Otaheiti Orange, Meyers Chinese Lemon, Rangpur Lime, potgrown—75c, \$1.00 each.

GRAPE VINES

European Table Varieties:

Black Monucca, Black Muskat, Grosse Guilleaume or Ribier, Lady Finger, Muscat of Alexandria, Thompson Seedless, No. 1 grade—25c each; \$2.00 per doz.

American Varieties:

Agawam, Concord, Delaware, Green Mountain, Isabella, Niagara, —25c each; \$2.50 per doz.

BERRY VINES

BOYSEN BERRY:

A new berry, twice as large as Youngberries, of excellent quality, jet black, very prolific—25c each.

BLACKBERRIES:

Corey's Thornless, Mammoth—15c each; \$1.50 per doz.

RASPBERRIES:

Cuthbert, Raneree—10c each; \$1.00 per doz.

YOUNGBERRIES:

One of the choicest berries in appearance, flavor and general usefulness—15c each.

ARTICHOKES: Strong divisions—15c to 25c.

RHUBARB: Giant Crimson, Strawberry—15c to 25c.

STRAWBERRIES:

Banner, Progressive or Everbearing—30c per doz; \$2 per 100.

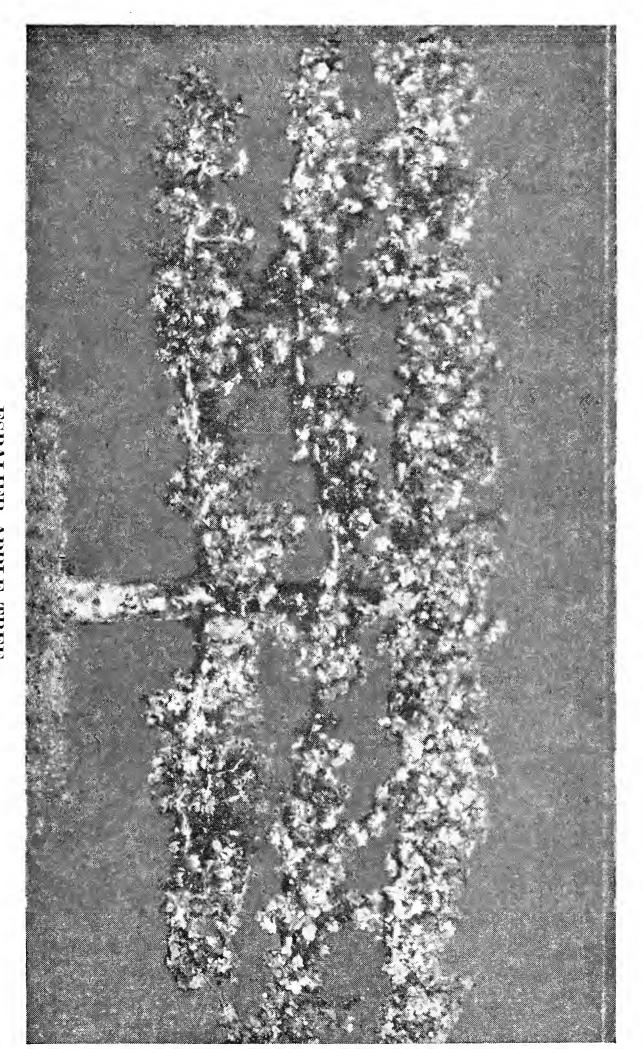
ESPALIER FRUIT TREES.

Trained Wall Fruit or Espalier Trees have been grown in European gardens for at least a century, mostly because of climatic conditions, and for lack of space for orchard trees. They can be grown successfully on a very narrow strip of ground, against a wall, in a patio, or as a border. They are easily protected during their flowering season against frost and rain, and against insects and birds at the time of ripening of the fruit which is, under proper care, more delicious and highly colored than orchard-grown fruit. We have a limited number of young trees two and three years old, available this season:

APPLES: Delicious, Newton Pippin and Winesap. PEARS: Beurre Hardy, Beurre Chairgean. PLUMS: Jefferson, Reine Claude. PEACHES: Alexander, Crawford, Mayflower, Elberta.

CHERRIES: May Duke, Montmorency.

PRICES according to number of branches—\$4.00, \$6.00, \$8.00. Packing charges, \$1.00, \$1.50, per tree extra.



ESPALIER APPLE TREE
Planted 1911; now growing and in full bearing at the
West End Nursery

CONIFERS

Coniferous Trees are the grandest trees in existence. A good many of them are natives of the Pacific Coast, and therefore at home in our climate. Though the more expensive varieties are of rather slow growth, until well established in the ground, they will grow into the finest specimen trees for the lawn in a few years. Prices are for small and medium-sized plants. Quotations for larger plants on application.

Planting Season:

Field-grown plants from October to March. Pot-grown and boxed plants from September to June.

		Balled or boxed 3.00 2.50
arizonica glauca, very rare, slow growingbalsamea, Balsam Fir, aromatic foliageconcolor, White Fir, or native Silver Firhomolepis, Nikko Fir, a rare ornamental tree	1.00	$\begin{array}{c} 2.50 \\ 1.50 - 4.00 \\ 1.00 - 5.00 \end{array}$
nordmanni, Caucasian Fir, very symmetrical pinsapo, Spanish Fir		1.50- 4.00 4.00
deodara, Himalayan Cedaratlantica glauca, Blue Atlas CedarCEPHALOTAXUS—		$\begin{array}{ccc} 1.50 - & 4.00 \\ & 6.00 \end{array}$
harringtonia fastigiata, Korean Yew		1.50- 2.50 1.50- 5.00
lawsoniana alumi, blue, erect		1.00- 2.50 2.00- 2.50 1.50- 3.00 2.00- 6.00
squarrosa veitchii, compact grey-green		2.50 1.50- 2.50
CUPRESSUS— macrocarpa, Monterey Cypress sempervirens, Italian Cypress GINGKO—		.75- 1.25 3.00- 5.00
biloba, Maidenhair Tree, deciduous JUNIPERUS— chinensis pfitzeriana variegata, silvery white		1.50- 4.00
tips, but a faster growing variety than the older variegated typesexelsa stricta, compact conicalhibernica, Irish Juniperhorizontalis, one of the best trailing varieties.		$ \begin{array}{r} 3.50 \\ 1.00 - 3.00 \\ 1.50 - 2.50 \end{array} $
grey green foliage, turning in winter to metallic purple, small plants only	.75	
ular trailing habit	.85	1.50- 3.00
procumbens, trailing, grey-green sabina tamariscifolia LIBOCEDRUS— decurrens, Incense Cedar	.50	2.00- 2.50 1.50- 2.00

gro	o t- wn	Balled or boxed
PICEA—		
exelsa, Norway Spruce		1.00-5.00
polita, Tigertail Spruce		1.00-2.50
pungens, Colorado Spruce		1.00 - 2.50
pungens glauca, Colorado Spruce	75.	1.00-2.50
pungens kosteri, Koster's Blue Spruce		5.00 - 7.50
PODOCARPUS—		
macrophylla, Jap. Yewtree	1.00	
PSEUDO TSUGA—		
douglasi, Douglas Fir		1.00
PINUS—		
canariensis, Canary Island Pine	.40	
halepensis, Aleppo Pine	0.5	1.00 - 2.00
radiata, Monterey Pine	.65	
montana mughus, Dwarf Pine	.50	1.50 - 2.50
tanyosho globosa, Table Pine	75	1.00
torreyana, Torrey Pine	.75	
SEQUOYA—	75	1 FA
gigantea, Giant Sequoya		1.50
sempervirens, Redwood	.75	1.50- 1.75 - 1.50
sempervirens glauca, blue		- 1.50
THUYA—	0.00	
occidentalis pyramidalis		105 000
orientalis nana aurea, golden dwarf		1.25 - 2.00
dolobrata, dark glossy foliage, white under_ neath, rather scarce		
TSUGA—	2.00	
Canadensis, Western Hemlock		1.50- 2.50
TAXUS—		1.50- 2.50
baccata fastigiata, Irish Yew		2.00- 6.50
baccata erecta, upright English Yew	65	
TAXODIUM—	.00	1.20- 0.00
distichum, Swamp Cypress deciduous	1 50	
mucronatum, Montezuma Cypress		
TORREYA—	2.00	
californica, Nutmeg Tree	5- 75	
omitoritation remained recommended to	0 . 1 0	

EVERGREEN TREES and SHRUBS

Broad-leaved Evergreens vary in size from the largest trees to the smallest shrubs; unlike the coniferous Evergreens, whose flowers are insignificant, most of these excel in brilliancy and floriferousness, others through their shining berries and foliage. These plants give our California garden and parks their distinctive feature.

Planting Season:

October to April; pot-grown plants of this class can be planted any time during the year.

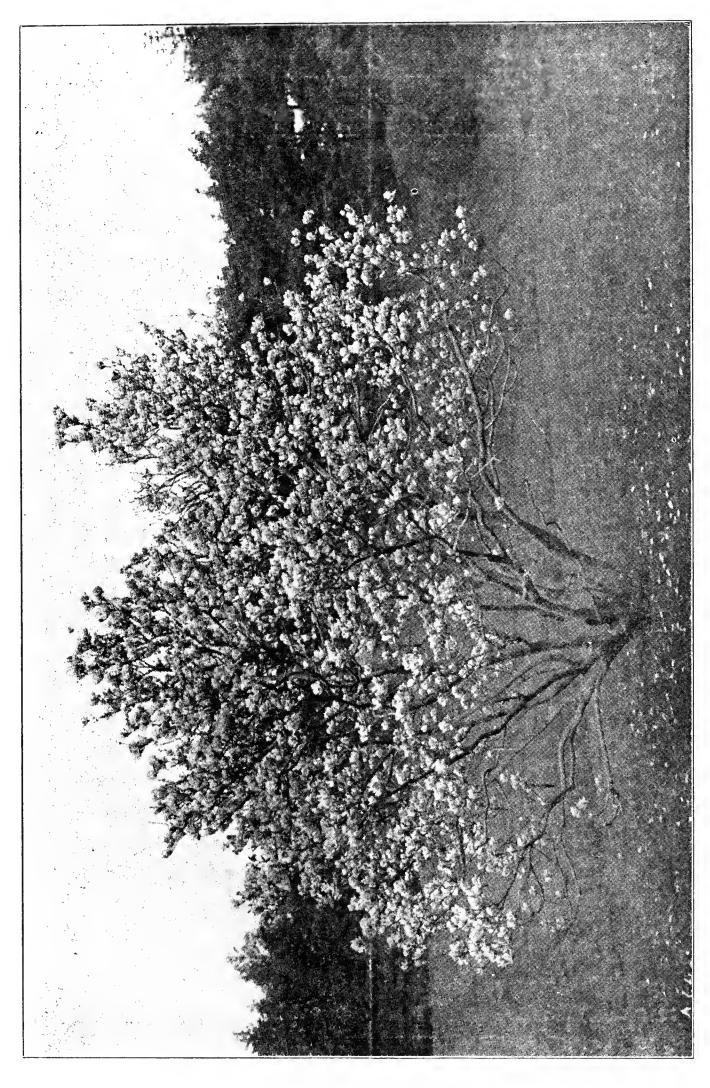
3	Po	t-	Balled or
ABELIA—	grov	vn	\mathbf{boxed}
grandiflora, pinkish white flowers\$.35-	.65	\$.75 - \$1.50
floribunda, Red Abelia, very large trun	npet-		
shaped rosy red flowers, new	.35-	.50	
schumanni, another new Abelia, flowers	lilac		
pink		.50	
-			

	Pot- grown	Balled or Boxed
hookeri, a creeping manzanita for rock gardens	85	
ASTER— fruticosa, new, pink lavender flowers ACACIA—	.50	
bayleyana, bluish, green foliage neriifol: floribunda, constant bloomer decurrens dealbata (mollissima) longifolia (latifolia) melanoxylon, Black Wattle	3050 3050 3050 4065	
ARBUTUS— unedo, strawberry shrub	.50	
ANDROMEDA— japonica, clusters of white drooping flowe AUCUBA—	rs	2.00
japonica seratifolia, bright red berries japonica aurea, Gold Dust plant	35-	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1.00 - & 2.50 \\ 1.00 - & 1.25 \\ .75 - & 1.00 \end{array}$
hinodegiri, cherry red	4.00	1.50
microphylla, fragrant flowers	35	
darwini, golden yellow		1.00- 1.50
dulcis nana, a compact dwarf form	5075	1.25- 2.00
yellow flowers, red berriessargentiana, dark green leavesstenophylla, slender branchestriacanthaphora, new, pink flowers	75	1.00- 1.50 1.00- 1.25 1.00- 1.25
wilsoni, coral-red berries BRUNFELSIA— flowibunda a basutiful showh from San		1.25- 2.00
floribunda, a beautiful shrub from Sou America, very fragrant, violet flowers turing to white, prefers shade	rn-	
davidi magnifica, Summer Lilac globosa, orange flowers		.75- 1,50
BUXUS— sempervirens, Boxwood, trimmed pyramids		2.50
suffruticosa, dwarf box for borders, per 100 balearica, Spanish Box		3.00 $1.25-1.50$
CAMELLIA— japonica, assorted colors, double and ser double, named varieties		1.00- 5.00
tweediana, Mexican flame bush, vivid scar flowers		
CANTUA— buxifolia, tubular crimson flowers	50	
CARPENTERIA— californica, Tree Anemone, a native shru white flowers		
CHOISYA— ternata, Maxican Orange	35	

OTOMITO	Pot-	Balled or boxed
purpureus, very large flowers, reddish lilac with maroon blotch, new		
flowers	.75	
cyaneus, dark blue	50	
hybrida, Gloire des Versailles, clear blue hybrida, Marie Simon, rose-pink impressus, Santa Barbara Mt. Lilac	.50	1.00
CINNAMOMUM— camphora, Camphor tree	5 1.25	
linoides, a dwarf globular Shrub, rosy flowers COPROSMA—	.60	
baueri, gloss, foliage	.50	
emerus, flowers yellow tinged red COTONEASTER— trancheti, yellowish red berries	.50	-1.25-\$2.50
l arroviana, showy scarlet berries	75 .65	1.00- 1.50 1.25- 2.50
simonsi, orange red berries	.50	1.00- 2.00
decora, a low spreading variety, red berries very prolific	65 30 50 .35	1.50 1.00- 1.25
CYTISUS— multifloru albus, white broom		1.25
praecox, a mass of creamy yellow flowers early in spring	.50 50 .75	1.00
DAMNACANTHUS— indicus, small fragrant white flowers, cora red berries		.75
DAPHNE— cneorum, Rock Daphne, very fragrant odora marginata, pink DIOSMA—	-	1.00- 1.50 1.00- 3.00
pulchrum, a pink Breath of Heaven ELAEAGNUS—	.50	195 200
pungens variegata	75	
codenoides veitchi, white	• •	1.25 .3550 .50- 1.50
melanthera, red, melanthera rosea, persoluta rosea	•	.75 .50- 1.50 .5075

		t-	Balled or
EUONYMUS—	gro	wn	Boxed
japonica, green-leaved japonica, aurea, golden-leaved		.30	$\begin{array}{c} 1.00 \\ 75 & 1.00 \end{array}$
EUGENIA—		.50	.75- 1.00
apiculata	35_	50	
ESCALLONIA—	.00-	.00	
floribunda, long panicles of pure white flow	vers	.40	
glasneviensis, light pink, new			.75- 1.25
microphylla, dark crimson flowers, dwarf			
grower			_
montevidensis, white	40-	.60	
ingrahami, rose	.40-	.75	1.00 - 2.50
rocki, new, pinkrubra, red flowering			
EUCALYPTUS—		.00	
globulus, Blue Gum	25-	5.0	
ficifolia, scarlet-flowering		. 07 17	
FREMONTIA—	•••		
mexicana, orange yellow	.50-	1.00	
GARRYA—			
fremonti, Silk Tassel shrub		1.25	
monosperma pendula, Bridal Veil Broom GREVILLEA—		.75	
obtusifolia, excellent ground cover		.35	
,		.75	
thelemani, red flowering, tender		.25	
chamae-cistus, Sunrose, Mitchells, Hybr			
mixed colors	-	.25	
lasianthum, lemon yellow, purple spot at		75	
base of flowers		.75	
henryi, golden yellow			1.00- 1.50
moserianum, large flowers, compact			.75-1.00
ILEX—			
aquifolium, grafted, English Holly			3.00-5.00
cornuta, Chinese Holly, berried		1.50	
LAUROCERASUS— officinalis latifolia, English Laurel	4.0	.65	1.00- 3.00
lusitanica, Portugal Laurel			1.00 - 3.00 $1.00 - 2.50$
LIGUSTRUM—			2.00
lucidum, broad, glossy leaves			1.00 - 1.50
ovalifolium, Cal. Privet, per 100			5.00 - 7.50
ovalifolium, compacta, globe-shaped		0.0	1.00-5.00
ovalifolium, variegated, golden Privet vulgaris, European Privet, per 100		.60	5.00- 7.50
LEPTOSPERMUM—			5.00- 7.50
chapmani, the true pink variety, very scarce laevigatum, Australian Teabush			
scojarium, fl-pl, double white			
LIBONIA—		1.00	
floribunda, winter bloomer		.25	.75-1.00
LONICERA—			
nitida, box-honeysuckle			
pileata, privet-honeysuckle		.40	1.25
asplenifolius, a very rare native tree		1 00	
MAGNOLIA—	·	1.00	
grandiflora, Southern Magnolia 1.	.25-	1.50	
MAHONIA—	<u></u>	- -	
aquifol, Oregon Holly Grape	.35-	.50	.75- 1.25

	Pot-	
communis, Myrtle, English	rown	\mathbf{boxed}
communis microphylla, Bridal Myrtle		.75
communis nana, dwarf	35	.10
ugni, Chile-Guava		
MICHELEA— fuscata, Banana Shrub	1.25	
NANDINA		
domestica, scarlet berries	35	.75- 1.50
NERIUM—		
oleander, assorted colors)75	2.50
OSMANTHUS—		0
aquifolium, Holly-leaved	75	
PITTOSPORUM—		
crassifolium, dark grey		\$1.00-\$2.00
eugenoides, yellowish green	35	.75 - 1.50
tenuifolium, black-stemmed	35	.75 - 3.50
tobira, bright green leaves		
tobira variegata		2.00
undulatum, large, rich green leaves	.50-	-
PIMELEA—		
ferruginea, pink flowers	50	
PHOTINIA—		
arbutifolia, Toyon or Calif. Christmas		
berry		
serrulata nova, Chinese Toyon	35	2.00
PROSTANTHERA—		
rotundifolia, new, deep purplish flower	1.00	
PSORALEA—	-	
aphylla, new, blue, Broom	.75	
PRUNUS— iliaifolia California Wild Charry	75	
ilicifolia, California Wild Cherry	75	
lyoni, Catalina Cherry PYRACANTHA—	50	
angustifolia, orange yellow berries50	065	1.00- 3.00
coccinea lalandi, orange berries		1.00 - 2.00
crenulata, red berries		1.00 - 1.50
formosana, extra large red berries5		1.25 - 1.50
tormosana, Hybrids, orange to red		
gibbsii. yellow berries, new	075	
rogersiana aurantiaca, orange		
v ,	075	1.00 - 1.50
RHAMNUS—		
alaterrus variegatus, Variegated Calif.	.60	.75
Coffee berrycrocea, low growing, red berries	.75	. 10
RHAPHIOLEPIS—	. 7 3	
indica rosea, pink flowers, new	1 00	
RHODODENDRON—	4.00	
Pink Pearl large light pink		3.00-5.00
Hybrids, named varieties		3.50 - 5.00
SCHINUS—		
mollis, California Pepper	575	
VIBURNUM—		
tinus, Laurustinus		.75 - 1.25
tinus, variegated		1.00-1.25
Phytidophyllum, large dark green leaves .50	075	
VERONICA— bulkana lang layandar blue panieles	.35	.75- 1.00
hulkeana, long lavender blue panicles salicifolia, narrow leaved		.10- 1.00
traversi, white, compact		.75- 1.25
orwroisi, wittoo, compact		., 0



DECIDUOUS TREES and SHRUBS

The best street and avenue trees are decidedly deciduous trees; they will give the necessary shade in summer and admit sunshine in winter. In this class are also the most gorgeous spring and summer blooming shrubs. Deciduous weeping trees are beautiful specimen trees for the lawn.

Prices are for field-grown plants, except where noted.

Planting Season:

November to March, after leaves commence to fall and before they commence to bud in spring.

ACER—	Field-g	rown
dasycarpum, Silver Maple	riola g.	1.50
negundo, our native Box-Elder	1 25-	1.50
negundo variegata, Silver Box Elder, boxed		1.25
platanoides, Norway Maple		1.00
saccharinum, Sugar Maple		1.25
palmatum atropurpureum, Japanese purple-leaved	· 	1.20
and cutleaved Maple, pot-grown or balled	2 00-	2.50
circinatum, the Vine Maple of the northern woods.		1.50
AESCULUS—		1.50
rubra, redfl, Horse Chestnut		2.50
AZALEA—		
alta clarense, golden yellow	2.00-	2.50
mollis, assorted colors		
BETULA—		
alba, white European Birch		1.25
alba pendula laciniata, cut-leaved weeping	1.50-	2.00
alba purpurea, purple leaved	1.25-	2.00
alba youngii, Young's Weeping		2.00
BERBERIS—		
aggregata, brilliant autumn foliage		1.50
thunbergii atropurpurea, NEW, purple-leaved		1.00
CARYOPTERIS—		
incana, blue Spiraea	50-	.75
CAESALPINIA—		
gilliesi, Bird of Paradise Shrub, (pot grown 35c).	75-	1.50
CERCIS—		
canadensis, Red Bud		
chinensis, Chinese Red Bud		1.00
CHIONANTHUS—		
virginica, white fringe		1.00
CORYLUS—		
atropurpurea, purple Filbert	75-	1.25
CORNUS—		
kousa, white flowers, scarlet fruit		1.25
florida, Flowering Dogwood, white, boxed		1.50
florida rubra, redfl, Dogwood, boxed		2.50
nuttallii, Pacific Dogwood	1.00-	1.50
CRATAEGUS—English Hawthorn		
oxyacantha pauli, double scarlet		
monogyna rosea, double pink	1.25-	1.50
monogyna, abla plena, double white	1.25-	2.00
cordata, Washington thorn	. 1.00	
CYDONIA—		
japonica, flowering Quince, scarlet	75-	1.25
japonica, salmon pink		1.00
japonica nivalis, white	•••	1.00
DAUBENTONIA—		_
tripetti, scarlet wistaria shrub		1.00

	field-gr	own
DEUTZIA—	e s	75
gracilis, dwarf, whitescabra crenata, double pink	.Ψ 50-	1.00
Pride of Rochester, double white to pink	.50-	.75
EXOCHORDA—		• 00
grandiflora, Pearl bush	.75-	1.00
FAGUS—	2 00	2 00
sylvatica purpurea, Rivers Purple Beech, pot-grown sylvatica laciniata, Fernleaf Beech	2.00-	3.50
FORSYTHIA—		
spectabilis, Golden Bell, large flower	75-	1.00
FRAXINUS— velutina, Arizona Ash	1.00-	2.50
HYDRANGEA—		
hortensis, common pink	75-	1.25
Planted in 12-inch pots	•	2.00
Franco-German Varieties: Eclaireur, dwarf, red flower	.75-	1.00
Parsifal, rosy red, fringed	75-	1.00
Arborescens, large white pointed trusses of flowers	•	
boxed	-	1.25
KERRIA— japonica, double yellow	.50-	1.00
KOLKWITZIA—		2.00
amabilis, Chinese Beauty-Bush, new	75-	1.50
(pot-grown plants, 50c each)		
LABURNUM— vulgaris, Golden Chain	-	1.25
vossii, Golden Chain, extra long flowers		1.50
LAGERSTROEMIA—	75	1 50
indica, Crape Myrtle, pinkLIQUIDAMBAR—	/ 9-	1.00
styraciflua, Sweet Gum, boxed	1.00-	1.50
LIPPIA—		
citriodora, Lemon Verbena, pot-grown LIRIODENDRON—	.50-	.75
tulipifera, Tulip Tree, boxed	. -	2.00
LONICERA—		
tatarica, pink Bush Honeysuckle		.75
acuminata, cream yellow, boxed		2.00
kobus, single white, blooms early, very rare	2.50-	3.00
soulangeana, pink, boxed	3.00-	$\frac{4.00}{2.00}$
liliflora-nigra, wine colored, pot-grownstellata, white, semi-double, pot-grown		$\frac{3.00}{3.50}$
MORUS—		
alba pendula, weeping Mulberry	-	3.50
PHILADELPHUS— virginal, semi-double, Mock orange	50-	1.00
mexicana, creamy white, pot-grown		.75
PLATANUS—		
orientalis, Sycamoreextra large specimen trees		
POPULUS—	. 2.50-	1.00
nigra italica, Lombard Poplar	75-	2.00
PUNICA— manatum Pammagranat double searlet		1.25
granatum, Pommegranat, double scarletgranatum, nanum, double dwarf		1.25 $.50$
PAEONIA—		
moutan, Jap. Tree Paeony, named varieties, potted.		3.50
QUERCUS— rubra, Scarlet Oak		1.25
Canto, Mourico Cont		

RIBES— F. sanguineum, Cal. redflowering Currant, pot-grown	ield-gr	$\begin{array}{c} \mathrm{own} \\ .35 \end{array}$
ROBINIA—		.00
decaineana rubra, dark, pink, new		1.50
decaiseana, Pink Locust		1.50
hispida macrophylla, dark rose	3 50-	
umbraculifera, Globe Locust	2.00-	3.00
RHUS—	_,,,	0.00
typhina, staghorn sumach		1.00
SALIX—		
babylonica, Weeping Willow		1.50
SORBARIA—		
sorbifolia, huge panicles of white blooms		1.00
SORBUS—		
aucuparia, Mountain Ash	1.25 -	1.50
SPIRAEA—		
Anthoney Waterer, rose pink, dwarf		.75
douglasi, pink	.75-	1.00
prunifolia, Bridal Wreath		.75
reevesiana, single white		
reevesiana, double white	.75-	1.00
SYMPHORICARPUS—		
vulgaris, Indian Currants	.75-	1.00
SYRINGA—		
persica laciniata, cut-leaved Persian Lilac		
vulgaris, Lilac, purple and white		
French varieties, single and double	1.00 -	2.00
TILIA—		- - 0
cordata, European Linden		1.50
TAMARIX—	5 0	67
africana	.50-	.75
ULMUS—		1 50
americana, American Elm	1 00	1.50
pumila, Siberian ElmVIBURNUM—	1.00-	1.00
opulus, Sterilis, Snowball		.75
carlesi, new, sweet scented, pot-grown	1 95	
WEIGELIA—	1.40-	1.00
florida rosea, pink		.75
Eva Rathke, red flowering		.75
Steltzneri, rosy-red		.75
venusta, large rose flowers, new	.75-	
1 02-12-2007 1 02-0 1 02	• • •	

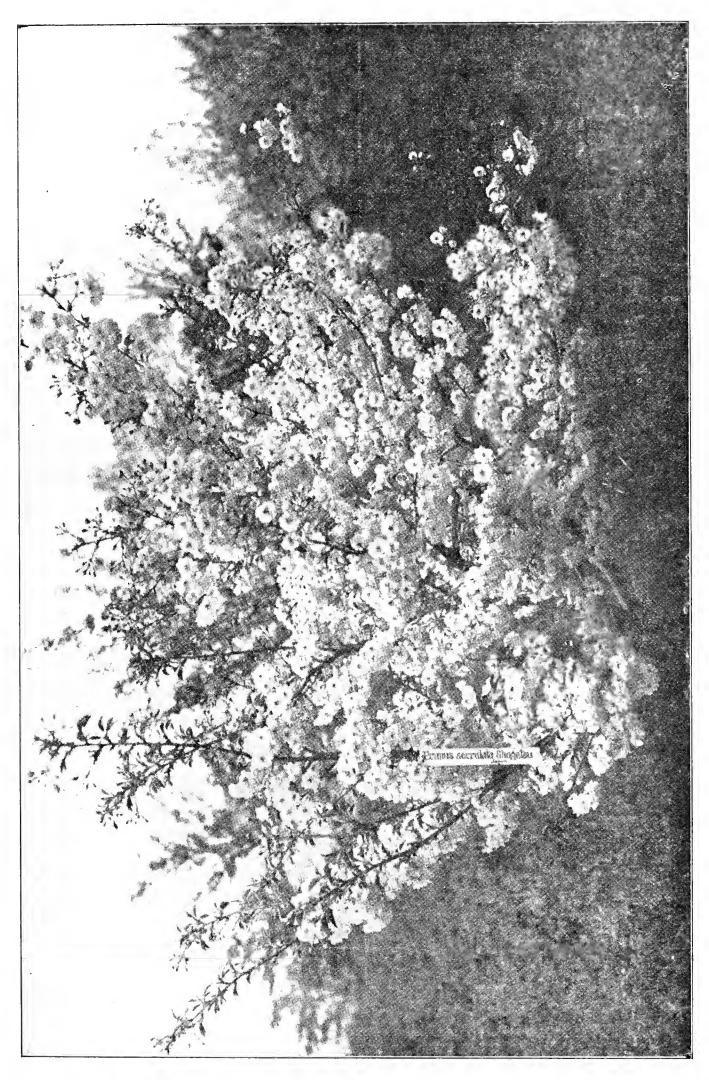
FLOWERING FRUIT TREES

Among the flowering trees the flowering types of our fruit trees are undoubtedly the most popular. Beginning with the flowering Almonds, Apricots and Plums in February and March, followed by the gorgeous double flowers of the Peaches and numerous types of Crabapples in April, and finishing up in May and early June with a splendid display of the Japanese Cherries, will mean a continuous blossom time at home in your garden.

Planting Season:

January to March, or earlier, if stock is available, and the weather permits.

FLOWERING ALMONDS—	Field-grown
Amygdalus communis, fl. pl., double pink and white	.75
FLOWERING APRICOT—	
prunus mume: Dawn, double salmon, pink	.75
FLOWERING PLUM—	
Prunus pissardi, single, purple leaved	
Prunus blireana, fl. pl., double pink	.75-1.50



${f F}$	ield-g	rown
Prunus Vesuvius, Coppery purple	.75-	1.00
FLOWERING PEACH		•
Amygdalus persica, camellia florae, double red\$.75-\$	31.50
Amygdalus persica, Burbank, double pink	.75-	1.00
Amygdalus persica, double white		1.25
Mandarin, a solid mass of double red flowers, dwarf		1.00
FLOWERING CRABAPPLE—		
Malus Heleriana, Weeping Rose, red, semi double		1.50
Malus Floribunda, single apple blossom, pink		1.00
Malus Eleyi, flowers wine-red		1.75
Malus hopa, red fruit, flowers and leaves		1.50
Malus ioensis, Bechtel's double rose	.75-	1.00
Malus halliana (Kaido), semi-double carmine, slender		
branches	1.00-	
Malus sargenti, single white, dwarf		1.25
FLOWERING JAPANESE CHERRY—		
Prunus campanulata, deep rose red, single		
Prunus serrulata, varieties	1.50-	2.00
Naden, one of the best double pink.		
Kwanzan, large double pink.		
Shirotae, Mt. Fuji, double white.		
Chirofugen, Victory, dbl. pink to white.		
Weeping varieties:		
Single, pink, 5 to 6-foot stem		2.50
Double, pink, 5-foot stem		2.00

CLIMBING PLANTS

A most useful class of plants, for covering bare walls, trellises, unsightly fences, to plant on verandas and pergolas, in rockeries and as a ground cover under trees.

Planting Season:

October to April, except Bougainvillea and the tender Passion Vines, which are better planted after the danger of heavy frost has passed after April 1st.

AMELOPSIS—	Pot-gr	own
quinquefol, Virginia creeper	.35-\$.50
sempervirens, evergreen		.35
tricuspidata, Boston Ivy	.35-	.50
BIGNONIA—		
cherere, blood-red, tender		.35
radicans grandiflora, Trumpet Vine, field-grown	.50-	.75
speciosa violacea, lilac, inside yellow		.35
tweediana, lemon yellow	.35-	.50
BOUGAINVILLEA—		
braziliensis, rosy purple flowers, tender		1.00
CHORIZEMA—		
ilicifolia, holly-leaved, orange red flowers	.50-	
CLEMATIS—		
montana, white, spring bloomer		
jackmani, large flowering, purple		
Baron Veillard, satiny lavendar pink		1.00
Duchesse of Edinburgh, double white		1.00
Henryii, large single white		1.00
Ramona, large blue—\$1.00.		
FICUS—		
pumila		.75
HARDENBERCIA—		
monophylla, pink	35-	.60

HEDERA— helix, English Ivy maderensis, variegated foliage	Pot-gr .25- .30-	
officinale, white primulinum, double yellow	.35 - .35-	.35
stephanense, pink fragrant flowers LONICERA— belgica, creamy purple, fragrant japonica halliana, Honeysuckle	.00-	.35
MANDEVILLEA— suaveolens, white, very fragrant MUHLENBECKIA—		.50
complexa, Maidenhair Vine PACHYSANDRA— terminalis, an avergreen ground cover		.35 $.25$
PHASIOLUS— caracalla, Snail-Vine PLEROMA—		.50
grandiflora, purple to violet flowers POLYGONUM— auberti, Silver Lace-Vine	.35~	.50
capensis, azure blue and white		.50
SOLLYA— heterophylla, Australian Blue Bells TECOMA—		.35
jasminoides, light pink flowers, glossy foilage		
floribunda issai, light purple, new		1.75 1.50 1.75

PALMS, FERNS and FOLIAGE PLANTS

Hardy Palms are undoubtedly the most decorative plants in our garden, a group of several varieties, including plants of similar habits, will give the landscape a tropical appearance. Prices are for smaller plants, potted or balled; quotations for large specimens and varieties not mentioned, on application.

Planting Season:

February to April for outdoor palms and similar plants, after the winter rains are over.

	Pot	_	Ball	ed or
ACANTHUS—	growi	1	\mathbf{Bo}	xed
mollis, a handsome foliage plant	.35			
AGAPANTHUS—				
umbellatus, African Lily, divisions, blue			.35-	.50
AMARYLLIS—				
Hippeastrum vittata Hybrids—		.50		
ARALIA—				
Sieboldi		.50		
ARUNDO—				
donax variegata, Spanish Cane			.50-	.75
CHAMAEROPS—				a = 00
humilis, Hair Palm			\$2.00-	\$5.00
COLOCASIA—				
esculentum, Elephant's Ear	.35-	.50		

	Pot-	Balled or
CORDYLINE—	Grown	Boxed
australis, Dracena	3550	5.00- 7.50
indica, named varieties	25	
argentea, Pampas Grass		.75- 1.50
papyrus, Egyptian paper plant	75	
ensete, Banana plant	1.25	
PENNISETUM— Rueppelianum, Fountain Grass		
PHOENIX— canariensis, Canary Island Palm		1.50 - 7.50
PHORMIUM— tenax, New Zealand flax		.50- 1.00
tenax variegata aurea, golden		1.00
aurea, Golden Bamboo		1.00- 2.00
nevini, dwarf Bamboo	•••••	.75- 1.25
TRACHYCARPUS— exelsa, Windmill Palm		1.50- 5.00
TRITOMA—	c.r	
uvaria, yellow		
chamissoi, Giant Calif. Chain Fern		.50-1.00
YUCCA— whipplei, Calif. Yucca		
FOR HOUSE AND POR	RCH	
ASPARAGUS—		
Sprengerii, in pots		
Sprengerii, in baskets	1.50- 2.00	
lurida	1.00- 2.00	
ADIANTUM— pedatum, Five-Finger Fern	.35	
CIBOTIUM—		
Schiedei, Tree Fern		
falcatum, Holly Fern FICUS—	.3550	
elastica	1.00- 3.00	
HIPPEASTRUM— vittata, hybrid Amaryllis	.50- 1.00	
NEPHROLEPIS— Boston Ferns, assorted varieties		
SANSEVERIA		
laurenti, very artistic PANDANUS—		
veitchi PHILODENDRON—	2.00- 2.50	
pertusum (Monsteria deliciosa) 1 PHOENIX—	.00- 5.00	
roebelini, a very graceful house plant PTERIS—	3.00	
A genus of small Ferns, assorted varieties	.3550	
HOWEA— belmoreana, Kentia Palm		

ROSES

The "Queen of Flowers" gives best results when planted in a sunny location and in a fairly heavy sediment soil. Be sure that the plants are set deep enough, atleast one or two inches deeper, than where the bud has been inserted. Prune rather severe during the winter months, December to February, except the spring blooming climbing Roses like Banksias, Cherokees and Ramblers. Prune these roses right after the blooming season is over, never in the fall.

Budded Roses are more vigorous and give better results than stock grown on its own roots, with the exception of a few climb-

ing and strong growing varieties.

Planting Season:

January to March, also in the late fall, if stock is available

PRICES

FOR STRONG TWO YEAR OLD FIELD GROWN BUSH AND CLIMBING ROSES, No. 1 GRADE,

\$5.00 per 10, except where otherwise noted 45 cents each, our selections, and for quantities over 25 and more.

BUSH ROSES

Autumn:

An unusual color combination of deep burnt orange and pink, streaked red, glossy foliage.

Betty Uprichard:

Delicate salmon-carmine, reverse a deep coppery carmine.

Columbia:

A beautiful pink.

Condessa de Sastago:

A fiery copper and rich gold—75c.

Conqueror:

A rich orange yellow bud, opening out to a brilliant, fiery flame color.

Cuba:

Semi-double, bright vermillion scarlet.

Dame Edith Helen:

Brilliant pink, perfect full flowers, very fragrant.

Duchesse of Athol:

A rich shade of golden bronze flushed orange, one of the best of the newer varieties.

Duchesse of Wellington:

Saffron yellow, an old rose, but always in bloom, tea scented. E. G. Hill:

A dazzling deep scarlet red, very fragrant.

Etoile de Holland:

Large brilliant red.

General McArthur:

Bright scarlet-red, vigorous grower.

Golden Emblem:

A rich, deep golden yellow, one of the very best.

Golden Ophelia:

Golden center, outer petals pale yellow.

Golden Gleam:

Similar to Golden Emblem, but more crimson on buds.

Gruss an Koburg:

Delicate apricot yellow, shaded coppery pink, very fragrant

Hadley:

One of the best dark velvety reds.

Hoosier Beauty:

A rich, deep velvety crimson.

Heinrich Gaede:

Very large buds on strong stems; color, a rosy copper—\$1.00 each.

J. Otto Thilo:

Perfect buds, double flowers of rich rose-pink.

Lady Forteviot:

Beautiful golden yellow and apricot.

Lady Hillington:

A clear apricot yellow, long bud.

Los Angeles:

Flame pink, shading to coral and gold.

Marie Dot:

Reddish salmon yellow, opening into a luminous salmon pink, overlaid with a coppery sheen.

Margaret McGredy:

A marvelous color of orange vermillion.

Miss Rowena Thom:

Large blooms of rose-pink, shaded a dusky gold.

Mrs. Charles Russell:

A deep carmine, well formed bud.

Mrs. Herbert Stevens:

Large pure white, perfect form.

Mrs. Sam McGredy:

A glowing combination of red copper and orange, changing to pink, suffused with gold.

Ophelia:

Salmon flesh, shaded rose.

Padre:

Rich coppery scarlet, shaded yellow at base.

President Hoover:

A charming combination of cerise-pink, flame, scarlet and yellow, strong stems.

Susan Louise:

Lovely light pink; continuous bloomer.

Rose Marie:

Clear rose pink, long buds.

Rouge Mallerin:

A magnificent rose of brilliant red—\$1.25 each.

Shot Silk:

Orange cerise, suffused with gold.

Talisman :

Orange red, opening into a golden yellow bloom, stained with coppery red and orange rose.

Vaterland:

A profusion of dark crimson flowers, strong bushes—75c each.

SINGLE ROSES

Austrian Copper:

Brilliant coppery red.

Dainty Bess:

Delicate pink, with contrasting wine-red stamens.

Irish Fireflame:

Deep orange, flushed crimson.

Isobel:

Carmine red, shaded orange.

CLIMBING ROSES

Belle of Portugal:

Delicate soft pink, tinged with salmon; strong grower.

Climbing Dainty Bess:

A charming climbing form of the single bush rose-

Climbing Dame Edith Helen:

Flowers the same as bush variety.

Climbing Duchesse of Athol:

The good qualities of the bush type are repeated in this new Climber; a brilliant orange bronze—75c each.

Climbing Golden Emblem:

A vigorous grower, golden yellow flowers.

Climbing General McArthur:

Bright scarlet red, a free blooming variety.

Climbing Lady Hillingdon:

A vigorous climber, apricot yellow.

Climbing Hadley:

Deep crimson, fragrant.

Climbing Hoosier Beauty:

Velvety red, fragrant flowers. Climbing Mrs. H. Stevens:

Considered the best white clilmber.

Climbing Mrs. E. P. Thom:

Deep canary yellow—one of the best.

Climbing Mme. Cecile Brunner:

A sport of the well known "Baby" Rose, salmon-pink, strong grower.

Climbing President Hoover:

A strong prolific grower.

Climbing Talisman:

A sport of the popular Bush-rose, identical in color and foliage, but a strong grower.

Lamarque:

Pure white, tinged with lemon yellow at center.

Marechal Niel:

Flowers deep lemon yellow, full and globular, very fragrant. Mme. Gregoire Staechelin:

Of unusual beauty, pearlpink, petals prettily curved, of Spanish origin.

THE FOLLOWING VARIETIES BLOOM ONLY IN THE SPRING

American Pillar:

Pink, white eye, strong grower.

Beauty of Glazenwood:

Locally known as the San Rafael Rose, a gorgeous color combination of copper, carmine and salmon.

Cherokee:

Double white, one of the best evergreen hedge-roses.

Mermaid:

Large single pale sulphur-yellow flowers, with golden amber stamens.

Pauls Scarlet Climber:

Vivid scarlet, in a class by itself.

Ramona:

The single red Cherokee Rose.

Silver Moon:

Large creamy white flowers, extremely strong grower.

Tausendschoen:

Semi-double soft pink flowers produced in clusters.

Phyllis Bide:

Pale gold shaded pink; strong grower.

STANDARD ROSES TREE SHAPED, NO. 1 GRADE, ON STOUT STEMS 3½ TO 4 FEET HIGH: \$2.00 TO \$2.50 EACH

PATENTED ROSES

Nationally advertised patented Roses are sold subject to the Patent Laws of the U.S. I have none of the varieties in stock but can obtain the same from a reliable firm, licensed to distribute them, but NO GUARANTEE as to the qualities of the Roses sold. The price ranges from \$1.00 to \$2.50 each, cash with order.

DAHLIAS

The following list of Dahlias comprises the cream of numerous varieties in commerce. They have been selected for their superiority in purity of color, perfection of form, length of stem continuous blooming, etc.

Planting Season—May 1st to June 15th.

CALIFORNIA DAHLIAS OF MY OWN INTRODUCTION	
ELSA—	
Fluffy white flowers, yellow center, paeony\$.35
LA FAVORITA—	
First prize at the San Francisco Dahlia Show in 1919;	
color: a beautiful brilliant salmon red	.50
MRS. RICHARD LOHRMANN—	
A pure golden yellow, of immense size, full center, broad	
curly petals; awarded Golde Medal at the Panama-Pa-	
cific International Exposition	.50
PRIDE OF CALIFORNIA—	
Awarded the American Dahlia Society Medal at the	
S. F. Dahlia Show in 1918; color: dark red, large	
flowers on long stems	.35
SENORITA—	
This giant decorative Dahlia was awarded a silver medal	
in the 3-year-old Seedling Class at the Palace Hotel	
	.50
SOLE MIO—	
Awarded Gold Medal for the best established Seedling at	
the Palace Hotel Hhow, San Francisco, in 1925. A gol-	
den yellow Hybrid Cactus, the giant flowers are held on	
strong stems well above the foliage	.75
GENERAL COLLECTION	
CONQUISTADOR—	
Immense Hybrid Cactus, light salmon yellow	.35
ELLINOR VANDEVEER—	
Rose pink	.35
JANE COWL—	
Color: Old Gold, blending to apricot and rose at the	
center, one of the very best	.50
JERSEY BEAUTY—	
A perfect bloom of a deep rose pink	.50
ISLAM PATROL—	
A glorious color combination of red and gold	.50
INSULINDE—	
Golden orange, suffused with brown and apricot	.50
LADY FRANCIS—	
An immense flower, old rose	.50
MRS. O. BRACHT—	
An immense, apricot salmon	.50

MINIATURE DAHLIAS

JEWELTJE (Little Jewel)—	
Not over 3 inches in diameter; of perfect form; a continu-	
the solon a close deligate nink. The	
ous bloomer, and the color, a clear delicate pink. Th	۰.۳
finest little Dahlia for cutting and florist work	.35
POMPON DAHLIAS—	
These produce small, compact flowers of perfect form and	
free blooming qualities. They are unequaled for cutting	
fiee probling quarties. They are unequality	.25
and garden display. Named varieties, each	
Per dozen	2.50
DAHLIA MAXONI—	
The Mexican Tree Dahlia grows to a height from 8 to 10	
fine feet feet and an entally the dark levender nink	
feet, foliage very ornamental; the dark lavender-pink	
flowers appear in November, each	.60
270 HOLD CAPPORT III III III Y	

WATER LILLIES

The culture of Water Lilies is so simple that it might almost be said that "they just grow themselves." Their modest requirements are sun, water and rich soil. In deciding on a place for a natural water-garden one is naturally led to select a low spot.

It is not very difficult to construct an artificial pool. Any location that is available would be satisfactory, provided it is ex-

posed to the full sun.

An artificial pool should be made as large as possible, and 2 feet deep. In California it is advisable to build the bottom and side walls of 6-inch water tight concrete. Make an artificial pool as natural as possible and avoid stern lines and too apparent masonry. A generous planting of moisture-loving plants around the edge of the pool or pond will furnish an added charm to the plants in the pool itself.

One foot of water over the soil is the most desirable depth in artificial pools. Some will thrive in shallower water, but few will stand a depth exceeding 2 or 3 feet. A continuous flow of water tends to keep the temperature in the pool low and must be avoided. After the pool is once filled it is only neessary to replenish that

which evaporates.

A few Goldfish will serve to destroy the wrigglers that hatch into mosquitos and larvae of other insects.

NYMPHAEAS

COMANCHE—	
Rich apricot, changing to a deep coppery bronze, a sunset	1 00
color, each	1.00
CONQUEROR—	1 00
Brilliant crimson, shaded white, each	1.00
ESCARBOUCLE—	0.00
A brilliant uniform vermillion, each	2.00
GLADSTONE—	- 00
The finest white Water Lily in cultivation, each	1.00
GONNERE—	
Pure white, double, each	2.00
JAMES BRYDON—	- - 0
Rosy red, cup-shaped blossoms, free grower, each	1.50
MARLIAC YELLOW—	- 00
A vigorous grower; bright canary yellow, each	1.00
MASANIELLO—	
A charming pink variety, quite distinct, each	1.00
PAUL HARIOT—	
A magnificent variety, distinctive color: canary yellow,	
shaded with pink, which suffuses the flower entirely as it	
grows older. A good grower, each	1.00

SOMPTUOSA—	
Large, deep rosy pink, each	1.00
SUNRISE—	
Very large sulphur yellow flowers, leaves mottled brown,	
each	
W. B. SHAW—	
Wide open flowers of a rich rose pink, very fragrant, each	1.50

TROPICAL WATER LILIES

Sooner or later every owner of a pool wants to grow a few tropical water lilies. Considering their intensive blooming season, the quality of their flowers, on strong stems above the water, they are really the aristocrats of the lily pool. Young plants have to be started in the greenhouse, and should not be planted until the middle of May. It is best toset out new plants every year. Order early. Prices, according to variety, from \$1.50 up.

NELUMBIUM NUCIFERA

The most strikingly beautiful plant in the aquatic field is the Lotus or Nelumbium. The large concave leaves, resembling green shields, are borne on stout stems high above the water. The flowers are of exquisite rose pink, like giant Tulips, changing to creamy tints when fully open.

The brown seed-pods, which remain long after the flower is gone, are very artistic.

The Nelumbiums are rampant growers and heavy feeders and must be supplied with a very rich soil.

Tubers ready in May, each\$1.75

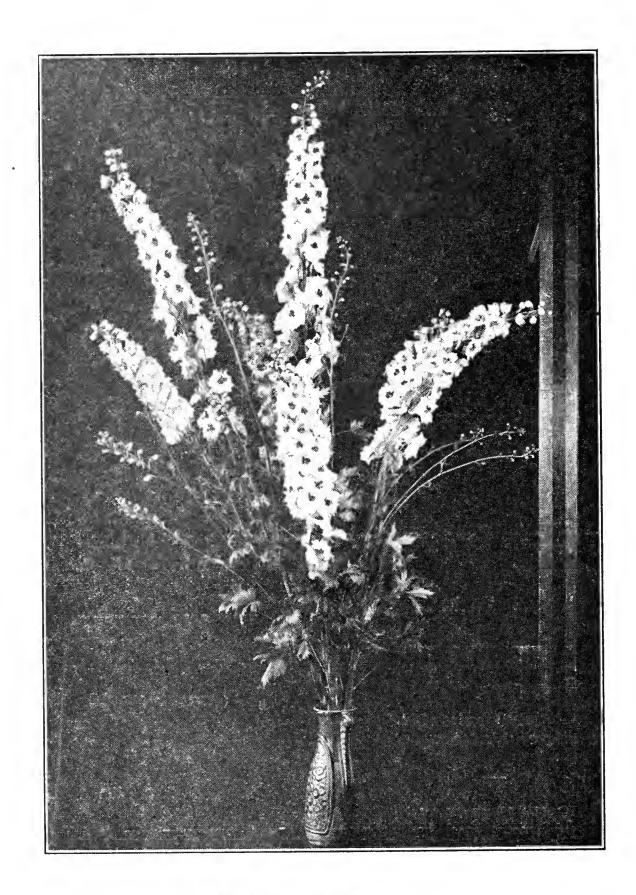
HARDY PERENNIALS

Herbaceous plants are indispensable for filling in and planting amongst shrubbery, in the rock gardens, for the old-fashioned perennial border, etc. Most varieties, after once planted, will live and bloom without much attention, for many years. Prices are for field-grown, potted or transplanted seedling plants.

Planting Season:

October to March, as early as possible, whenever the soil is in good condition.

_		Per
	ach	
rosea, Hollyhocks, double white, pink, yellow and salmon colors	15	\$1.50
ALSTROEMERIA—	.10	Ψ1.00
aurantiaca, Peruvian Lily	.25	2.50
italica, Lissadell Hybrids, intense blue	.15	
ANEMONE— japanica, white, pink and rosy red	25	2.50
AQUILEGIA—	.20	2.00
caerulea, hybrida, long-spurred Columbineextra selected plants		1.50
ARINARIA— Caespitosa, Irish Mossper	flat	1.35
ASTER— fricarti, Wonder of Staffa	.35	
DIMORPHOTECA— eclonis, light blue African Daisy153	5	



DELPHINIUMS

PACIFIC HYBRIDS
The World's Best Strain

Grown at the West End Nursery.

		Per
BELLIS— perennis, English Daisies, pink, red and white	Each	doz. .30
Per box of 50 plants, \$1.00		
CAMPANULA—		1 00
Medium, Canterbury Bells, blue & pink, field grown Per box of 50 plants, \$1.35		1.00
COREOPSIS—		9.5
grandiflora, golden yellow Per box of 50 plants, \$1.25		.35
CONVOLVULUS— mauretanicus, blue	.15	1.50
DIANTHUS—		~ -
barbatus, Sweet William, in dark and light colors Per box of 50 plants, \$1.25		.35
plumarius, Border Pinks, small plants		.35
DIELYTRA— spectabilis, Bleeding Heart, potted 75c, clumps	.60	
DELPHINIUM—		
hybridum, tall hybrids from the best strains Extra selected plants	$\begin{array}{c} .15 \\ .25 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1.50 \\ 2.50 \end{array}$
DIGITALIS—	.20	2.00
purpurea gloxiniaefl, Foxgloves, small plants GAILLARDIA—		.50
aristata, Portola Hybrids		.35
Per box of 50 plants—\$1.25 GEUM—		
chiloense, Mrs. Bradshaw, double scarlet		.50
Lady Stratheden, orange-yellow		.50
jamesoni, Transvaal Daisy	.25	2.50
flava, Day Lilies, assorted varieties	535	
HEUCHERA— sanguinea, Plui de Feu, Coral Bells, potted	.15	1.50
IRIS— generation Common Inique Flore Liliage one of the		
germanica, German Iris or Flag Lilies, one of the most desirable and easiest grown Iris, and particularly adapted to our climate. The flowers		
fairly outrival the orchids in their wide range of colors; named varieties, strong divisions	.20	2.00
Assorted varieties, unnamed — \$1.50 doz.; \$10.00 per 100.		
IRIS—		
foetidissima, red seeds		0 * 0
kaempferi, Jap. Iris, named varieties		$\frac{3.50}{2.50}$
pseudo-acorus, Water Iris, yellowsibirica, Perrys, blue	.25 $.15$	$\begin{array}{c} 2.50 \\ 1.50 \end{array}$
LAVENDULA—		
officinalis, Lavenderdentata, French Lavender		
LEONOTIS—	. 40	
leonurus, Lions' ear	535	
NIERENBERGIA—		
hippomanica, levender blue flowers	.25	.50
PAEONIA—		.00
officinalis, herbaceous, named varieties		
Single Japanese Varieties PYRETHRUM—	1.00	•••••
roseum, rose and pink shades predominating—35c.		

orientalis, Oriental Poppy	Each .15 .35	Per Doz. 1.50
PENTSTEMON— gloxinoides, mixed colors, per box, \$1.25		$.\overset{'}{3}5$
PHLOX— paniculata, named hybrid varieties	.25	2.50
PRIMULA—		_,_,
cashmeriana denticulata, Hybrids, in shades from white to lilac, rosy purple and blue	.15	1.50
Hybrids, in shades of delicate cream, pink and		
rose; strong grower; flower stems some times, 3 ft. high	.20	2.00
malacoides, lavender, per box—\$1.00 malacoides, rose or white, per box	1.25	$\begin{array}{c} .30 \\ .35 \end{array}$
obconica, light pink to rosy red, 4 inch pots	.35	3.50
polyanthus veris, extra large flowers, selected plants,		1.00
Blue and violet shades,	.15	1.50
large dark rose-colored flowers, blooming all summer, per box—\$1.50		.50
ROMNEYA— coulteri, Matilija Poppy		
ROSMARINUS—		
officinalis, RosemaryRUDBECKIA—	30	
hirta, Autumn Tints	.25	
SALVIA— leucantha, very conspicuous, purple and white flowers	$\cdot .35$	
SCABIOSA— caucasica, lavender blooms, extra fine for cutting		1.50
THALICTRUM— diptherocarpum, Meadow-rue, dainty rose purple flowers on stem, 4 to 5 feet high	.25	2.50
VIOLA— odorata, California, single purple		.30
Per 100—\$2.00- \$2.50. ZAUSCNERIA— microphylla, Calif. Fuchsia, bright red flowers25	5.0	
microphyna, Cant. ruchsia, bright red flowers20		

SUMMER FLOWERING BEDDING PLANTS

The plants are mostly Annuals, raised every year from seed or cutting; several are of a hardier nature, and under favorable conditions will stand our California winters. Prices are for plants grown in boxes or $2\frac{1}{2}$ and 3-inch pots.

PLANTING SEASON:

April, May and June, except for the winter and early spring bloomers, like Pansies, Winter Stocks, Wallflowers, etc.; plant those in October and November.

		\mathbf{Box} .
AGATHAEA—	Per doz.	of 50
coelestis, Blue Marguerite	40	1.35
AGERATUM—		
Blue Ball, compact	30	1.00

		Box
AMARANTHUS— tricolor splendens	Per doz. 40	
ANTIRRHINUM—		
maximum, Snapdragons, mixed, rust proof	35	1.25
California Giants and Semples Late Branching; pink	,	
lavender, purple, white and mixed colors		1.00
Calif. Sunshine, anemone fl., mixed colors		1.00
Southcote Beauty, single mixed	30	1.00
BEGONJA—	4.0	1 05
Tuberous, single, frilled and double		1.35
Potted plants, cach—35c-75c.		
CALCEOLARIA—	40	1.35
integrifolia, brown and yellow	40	1.99
CALLIOPSIS— Golden Wave	30	1.00
CALENDULA—	0.0	4 0.0
Orange King, Lemon King, Camp Fire	30	1.00
CELOSIA—	2 =	- 0 -
plumosa, magnifica, ostrich plume	35	1.25
CENTAUREA—	0.0	# 0.0
cyanea, Bachelor Button	30	1.00
CHRYSANTHEMUM—		
Single and Pompon, named varieties, pottedlarge flowering type, named		
CINERARIA—		
grandiflora, mixed	40	1.35
COSMOS—		
Lady Lenox, and Early Mammoth	30	1.00
COLEUS—		
highly colored foliage, potted, 15c-50c each.		
CYNOGLOSSUM—		
amabilis, Chinese Forget-Me-Not	30	1.00
FUCHSIA—		
Best single and double varieties, 15c-50c each.		
GAZANIA—		
Fiesta, a new glorious glistening reddish brown col		ea.
splendens, orange variety		1.00
longoscapa, new yellow		
HELIOTROPIUM— peruvianum, potted plants, 15c-50c.		
LANTANA—		
sellowiana, trailing, lavender-pink, 15c-35c each.		
camara, Hybrids, orange shades, 15c-35c each.		
LARKSPUR—		
Giant Imperial	30.	1.00
LOBELIA—	•	
Crystal Palace, dark blue, Emperor sky-blue and		1 00
Saphire, deep blue, white edge, trailing	30	1.00
African, Giant double, orange and lemon	30	1.00
French, tall and dwarf varieties		1.00
Guinea Gold, semi-double, brilliant orange-gold,	.30	1.00
NEMESIA—		
strumosa, mixed colors	30	1.00
PANSIES—		
Steel's Jumbo and Geneva Giants	•	1.25
Blue and Yellow Bedding varieties	30	1.00
2.0		

D	3	Box
PELARGONIUM— domesticum, Lady Washington varieties, 15c-75c ea.	er doz.	01 50
peltatum, ivy-leaved Geranium, bright rose semi-		
double, 2-3 inch pots—.10 - 15c each.		
Zonale, Geraniums, assorted varieties, 2-3 inch pots		
10 - 15c each; 4 inch pots 25c each.		
PETUNIAS— Balcony mixed	.30	1.00
Ruffled Giants of California	.35	$\boldsymbol{1.25}$
Superbissima nana, one of the best strains, dwarf-	4.0	1 05
compact, extra large ruffled flowers	.40	1.35
Single Bedding Varieties, Heavenly Blue, Rosy, Morn, Rose of Heaven, Velvety Blue	.30	1.00
PHLOX—	.30	1.00
drummondii, Giant Art Shades	.30	1.00
SALVIA— splendens, Fireball	.35	1.25
SALPIGLOSSIS—	•00	2.20
sinuata: Emperor, blue-purple and gold	.35	$\boldsymbol{1.25}$
SCHIZANTHUS— wisetoniensis, poor man's Orchid	.30	1.00
STOCKS—		
Giant Perfection Winter Stock, in pink, lavender,		1.00
white and mixed colors Early Giant Imperial Summer Stock, in pink, laven-	.30	1.00
der, white and mixed colors	.30	1.00
SCABIOSA—	20	1 00
Giant Loveliness, salmon - rose	$\begin{matrix} .30 \\ .30 \end{matrix}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1.00 \\ 1.00 \end{array}$
STREPTOSOLEN—	.00	
jamesoni, orange flowers	1.50	•
TITHONIA—		
A tall fall flowering annual, bright orange red		
flowers—25c each	2.50	****
VERBENA—	20	1.00
hybrida, in scarlet, lavender, pink and white colors Miss Willmot, dark rose, from cuttings	$\begin{matrix} .30 \\ .40 \end{matrix}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1.00 \\ 1.35 \end{array}$
VIOLA—	.10	1.00
cornuta, Chantrey land, apricot, Papilio, light blue,		
Blue and white Perfection	.30	1.00
WALLFLOWER—		
Single and double mixed	.30	1.00
ZINNIA—	0.5	1 05
Giant dahlia flowered and California Giants	$\begin{array}{c} .35 \\ .30 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1.25 \\ 1.00 \end{array}$
Dwarf, double flowering, pastel shades	.00	T.00

INSECTICIDES and FUNGICIDES

Arsenate of Lead, for leaf-eating insects and Codlin Moth—
1 lb., 35c.

Bordeaux Mixture, for mildew and fungus—1 lb., 35c.

Iron Oxide, for the control of snails and slugs.—10 lbs. 65c.

Lime and Sulphur, a dormant winter spray—1 lb., 35; 5 lb. \$1.45. Red Arrow, for Aphis, red spider, Mealy bug, etc. 1 oz. 35c.

Nu Taps, snails, cutworms, etc.—1 lb., 25c; 3 lbs., 60c.

Sulphur, for dusting grape vines, red spider, etc.,—3 lbs., 35c. Volck, an oil spray for mealy bug, scale and red spider—Pint, 50c; quart, 75c.

LAWN GRASSES

TO MAKE A LAWN:-

The ground should first be deeply spaded, adding commercial fertilizer or manure, and should then be leveled to the proper grade. A good plan is to let it lay for several weeks and water thoroughly. This will give a chance for many of the weeds to sprout and they can be hoed off as they come up. After the weeds have been removed, rake the surface smoothly and sow the seed broadcast at the rate of one pound to 150 square feet, except where noted.

After the seed has been sown, it should be covered with about one-quarter inch of good mulch, such as Imported Peat. This is very essential as it is necessary that the surface be kept continually moist, giving the seed an opportunity to germinate. After the first cutting it should be fertilized and in order to maintain a deep velvety green turf a dressing should be applied at least three times a year.

	Lb.	10 Lbs.
ASTORIA BENT—		
One pound to 500 square feet	1.50	13.50
KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS—		
The best grass for local conditions — 1 pound to		
150 square feet	.60	5.00
PACIFIC RYE GRASS—		
One pound to 100 square feet	.45	3.75
RED TOP GRASS—		
One pound to 200 square feet	.50	4.50
WHITE CLOVER—		
One pound to 300 square feet	.85	7.75
EVERGREEN LAWN MIXTURE—		
One pound to 150 square feet	.70	6.00
GOLDEN GATE PARK MIXTURE—		
One pound to 100 square feet	.50	4.50
SHADY NOOK MIXTURE		7.50

Prices Fluctuate and Subject to Change.

FERTILIZER

Aluminum Sulphate, 5 lbs.	.50
Blood-Meal, per sack of 100 lbs.	5.00
Bonemeal, per sack of 100 lbs.	3.50
Bone and Blood, per sack of 100 lbs.	4.25
Gaviota, a garden and lawn fertilizer, 25 lbs., \$1.50;	
50 lbs., \$2.50; 100 lbs.	4.00
Lime, agricultural, per 100 lbs.	1.25
Peat (Holland), bale	4.00
Sulphate of Ammonia, per sack of 10 lbs.	.60
Super-Phosphate, 10 lbs.	.50
Vigoro, a complete plant food, 25 lbs., \$1.35; 50 lbs., \$2.25	
100 lbs	3.75

BANDINI GRO-RITE

COMPLETE PLANT FOOD FOR LAWNS, SHRUBS, FLOWERS, TREES

5 lbs.,—\$40c; 10 lbs.—70c; 25 lbs.—\$1.25; 50 lbs.—\$2.15 100 lbs.—\$3.75

Prices subject to change without notice.

LIST OF COMMON PLANT NAMES.

Common Name	Botanical Name	Page
Amaryllis	Hippeastrum	18
Apple, Flowering	Malus	16
Arborvitae		7
Ash	Fraxinus	14
Bamboo	Phyllostachys	19
Banana	Musa	19
Barberry	Berberis	8-13
Beech	Fagus	14
Bird of Paradise Shrub	Caesalpinia	13
Birch	Betula	13
Bleeding Heart	Dielytra	27
Boston Fern	Nephrolepis	19
Boxwood		
Broom	Cytisus-Genista	9-10
Bridal Wreath	Spiraea	15
Burning Bush	Pyracantha	11
Butterfly Shrub		8
Calif. Cherry	Prunus	11
Calif. Red Bud	Cercis	13
Calif. Pepper	Schinus	11
Calif. Christmas Berry	70.7	11
Camphor Tree	Cinnamonum	9
Canterbury Bells		27
Cedar	~ .	6
Cherry, Flowering		15
Columbine	A - • 1 - •	26
Coral Bells	TT ol	27
Crepe-Myrtle	T	14
Cypress	\sim	6
Date Palm		19
Daisy		27
Dogwood		13
Dracaena		19
Elephant's Ear		
Elm		
Foxgloves	() 1111 (1)	
Filbert	9	
Fir	· ·	
Five-Finger Fern		
Geranium		
Golden Chain	1 0101 501110111	
Golden Bell		
Hawthorn	1 Orby Chic	
Hemlock	Oratacsas	
Heather	15454	
Holly	2211000	
·		
Hollyhock		
Honeysuckle	Lonicera	

LIST OF COMMON PLANT NAMES

Common Name	Botanical Name	Page
	Hedera	_
Ivy, Boston	Amelopsis	. 18
Larch	Larix	7
	Laurocerasus	
	Delphinium	
	Chamaecyparis	
	Viburnum	
	Syringa	
	Tilia	
	Lippia	
	Robinia	
	Acer	
	Gingko	
	Romneya	
	Thalictrum	
	Muhlenbeckia	
	Caenothus	
	Sorbus	
	Philadelphus	
	Morus	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Myrtus	
-	Nerium	
	Mahonia	
	Exochorda	
	Amygdalus	
	Prunus	
	Pinus	
	Populus	
	Ligustrum	
	Cortadesia	
	Papaver	
· - •	Primula	
	Cydonia	
	Sequoya	7
	Cistus	9
	Polygonum	19
	Antirrhinum	29
	Viburnum	15
	Picea	7
	Arbutus	8
	Dianthus	27
	Platanus	14
	Bignonia	17
	Gerbera	27
	Liriodendron	14
	Ampelopsis	17
	Salix	15
	Taxus	7



KOSTERS BLUE SPRUCE

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